

## CLAIMS LISTING

The present state of the claims pending herein, including the amendment to claim 8, the cancellation of claims 4 and 7, and the addition of newly presented claims 16-21, is as set forth below. The listing of the pending claims supercedes any previous listings. No new matter has been added.

1. (Currently Amended) A method of determining an eigenspace for representing a plurality of training speakers, the method comprising the following steps:

—developing speaker-dependent (SD) sets of models for the individual training speakers using ~~while~~-training speech data of the individual training speakers ~~are used~~, wherein the models (SD) of a set of models are each ~~being described each time by a~~ plurality of model parameters;

—displaying a combined model for each speaker in a high-dimensional vector space (model space) by concatenation of thea plurality of ~~the~~ model parameters of the models of the sets of models of the individual training speakers to a respective coherent supervector; and

—performing a transformation of the combined model while reducing the dimension of the model space to derive eigenspace basis vectors ( $E_e$ ) using reduction criterions based on based on mutual variability, to realize a context-dependent phoneme which maintains all essential information after said transformation~~characterized by the following steps:~~.

2. (Currently Amended) A method as set forth~~claimed~~ in Claim 1, wherein ~~characterized in that~~ the models (SI, SD) are Hidden Markow models in which each state of a single model (SI, SD) is described

by a respective mixture of a plurality of probability densities, and wherein the probability densities are each described each time by a plurality of acoustic attributes in an acoustic attribute space.

3. (Currently Amended) A method as set forth ~~elaimed~~ in Claim 1, ~~wherein~~ characterized in that the transformation for determining the eigenspace basis vectors ( $E_e$ ) includes a step of utilizing ~~makes use of a~~ reduction criterion based on the variability of the vectors to be transformed.

4. (Currently Amended) A method as set forth ~~elaimed~~ in claim 1, further including a step of determining ~~characterized in that for the eigenspace basis vectors ( $E_e$ ),~~ associated ordering attributes for the eigenspace basis vectors ( $E_e$ ) ~~are determined~~.

5. (Currently Amended) A method as set forth ~~elaimed~~ in Claim 4, ~~wherein~~ characterized in that the eigenspace basis vectors ( $E_e$ ) are the eigenvectors of a correlation matrix determined by means of the supervectors, and the ordering attributes of the eigenvalues correspond ~~belonging~~ to the eigenvectors.

6. (Currently Amended) A method as set forth ~~elaimed~~ in Claim 4, wherein the step of ~~characterized in that for~~ reducing the dimension of the eigenspace includes rejecting a certain number of eigenspace basis vectors ( $E_e$ ) in accordance with ~~are rejected while~~ taking the ordering attributes ~~into account~~.

7. (Currently Amended) A method as set forth ~~elaimed~~ in claim 1, wherein ~~characterized in that for~~ the high-dimensional model space is realized by first reducing ~~a reduction is made to a~~ speaker subspace via a change of basis, in which speaker subspace all the

supervectors of all the training speakers are represented and in which ~~this speaker subspace~~ the transformation is performed for determining the eigenspace basis vectors ( $E_e$ ).

8. (Currently Amended) A method as set forth ~~elaimed~~ in Claim 1, wherein ~~characterized in that~~ the transformation is performed in accordance with ~~for determining the eigenspace basis vectors ( $E_e$ ) on the difference vectors generated in accordance with a difference between of the supervectors of the individual training speakers and to an average supervector.~~

9. (Currently Amended) A speech recognition method in which a basic set of models is adapted to a current speaker on the basis of recognition of previously already observed speech data of the current speaker ~~utilizing to be re-recognized of this speaker while an eigenspace is used, which eigenspace was determined in accordance with based on training speech data derived from of a plurality of training speakers, respectively, said speech recognition method in accordance with a method of determining an eigenspace for representing a plurality of training speakers, as set forth in claim 1a~~ ~~elaimed in one of the preceding Claims.~~

10. (Currently Amended) A computer program with program code means for causing a general purpose computer to execute ~~executing~~ all the steps of the method set forth in claim 1a ~~method as elaimed in one of the preceding Claims~~ when the program is executed on thea computer.

11. (Currently Amended) A computer program with program code means as set forth in ~~elaimed in~~ Claim 10, which computer program is ~~are~~ stored on a computer-readable data carrier.